Application Whitelists in Virtual Organisations

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Agenda

Conclusions & Future

Work

New Components and Implementation Strategies

Missing Components

Consensus View of a Trusted VO

Introduction

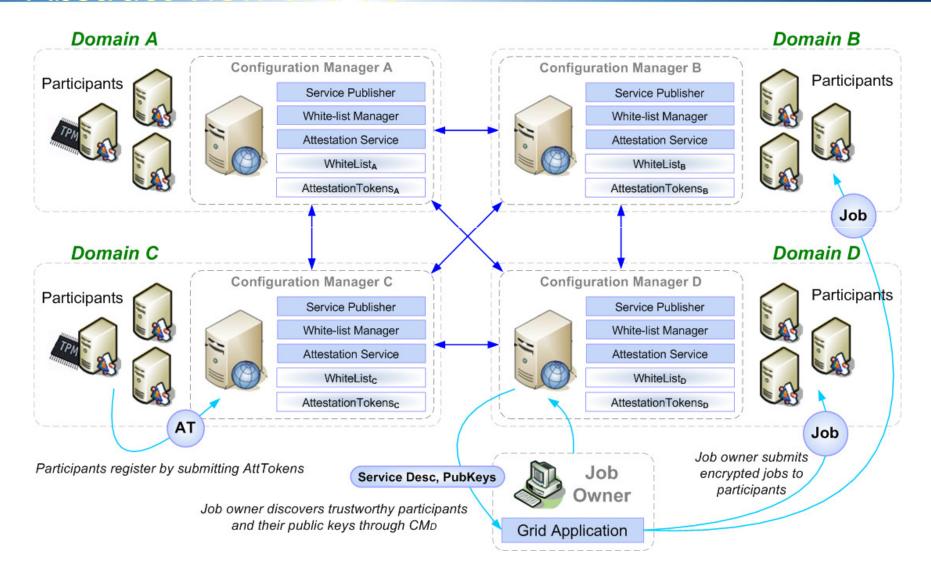
- Whitelist a repository of 'known good' software configurations
- Assumed in many trusted architectures during attestation to determine trustworthiness of a platform configuration
- Details on how this whitelist would be managed are rarely considered
- Conflicts will arise across multiple administrative domains
 - administrators respond differently to vulnerabilities
 - use different versions of software or apply different patches
- This may adversely affect service availability

- Grid Job Submission users submit job to run on participant
- Integrity-based Access Control preventing violation of user's security requirements
- Attestation tokens identity information and the public half of a TPM key whose private half sealed to the TPM
- Central Management manage and distribute tokens

- Property-based Attestation to simplify trust decisions based on platform configurations
- Job Delegation allows recipient of a grid job to pass it on to other trustworthy nodes
- Minimised TCB system trustworthiness depends on the size and complexity of the TCB
- Job Isolation sandboxing, hardware or software virtualisation to isolate jobs

Application Whitelists in VO Missing Components: Whitelist and Policy Management

- Users cannot manage whitelists require constant modification and update
- Passing to trusted third party no insight on how such a third party would operate
- TCG 's aggregation service face challenge for system spanning multiple administrative domains
 - institutions will have different selection of software
 - administrators only know software in their domain
 - some administrators will be more diligent in updating and revoking software patches than others
- No jobs can be distributed or integrity reporting is abandoned altogether



New Components and Implementation Strategies

Introducing the Configuration Manager (CM)

- one per-domain
- participants establish domain membership through CM
- composed of attestation service, service publisher and whitelist manager
- adds validation information to RIM including tests carried out, vulnerability scans and results
- Inter-domain Communication using well established standards where possible to update other CMs about changes to domain. Message include:
 - RIM
 - Validation Information
 - Policy recommendation
 - grace period and meta-data

Application Whitelists in VO New Components and Implementation Strategies

🥯 Whitelist Manager

- communicate to service publisher to indicate changes or updates required on the participants
- whitelist entry updates
- receives updates from other domains
- validates change requests with domain administrator

- We argue that whitelist management should mandate inter-domain communication
- Propose a set of new components which would interoperable sharing of whitelist entries
- future trusted grid system can use our analysis to avoid potential availability and interoperability problems
- How application whitelisting can help solve the problem of untrustworthy job submitters?

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Thank you for your attention!

